

HEIDENHAIN



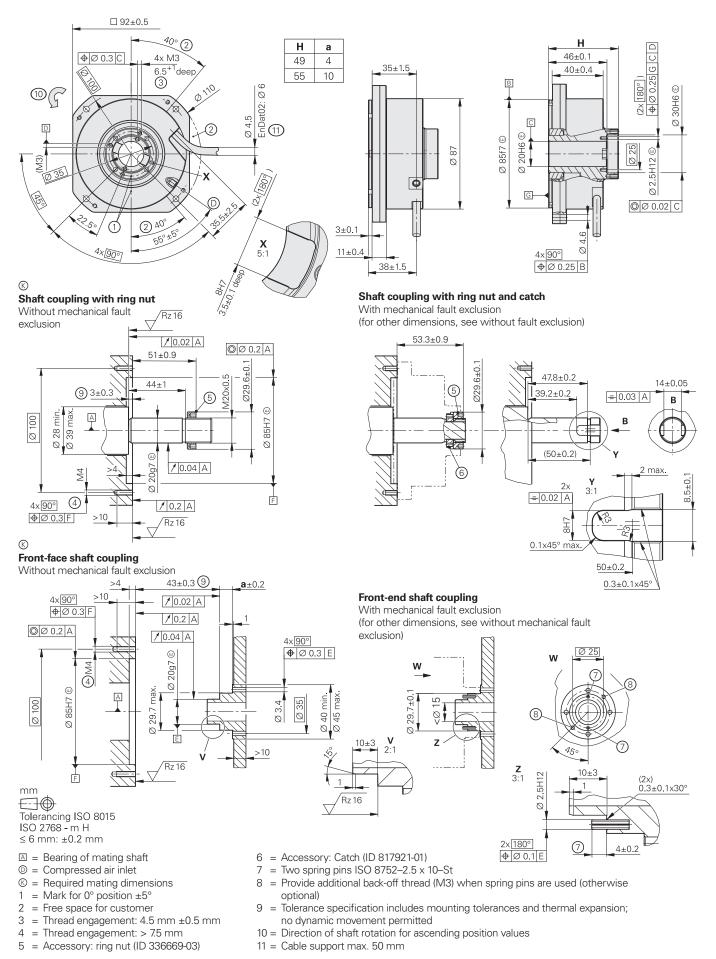
Product Information

RCN 200

Absolute Angle Encoders with Integral Bearing

RCN 200

- Integrated stator coupling
- Hollow through shaft Ø 20 mm
- System accuracy: ±6" and ±8"
- Fault exclusion for loosening of the mechanical connection is possible



	RCN 210	RCN 280	RCN 290 F	RCN 290 M				
Measuring standard	DIADUR circular scale w	DIADUR circular scale with absolute track and incremental track (2048 lines)						
System accuracy*	±6"; ±8"	=6"; ±8"						
Position error per signal period	≤ ±1.5″	s ±1.5"						
Interface	EnDat 2.2		Fanuc Serial Interface αi Interface	Mitsubishi High Speed Interface				
Ordering designation*	EnDat22	EnDat02	Fanuc05	Mit03-4				
Position values per revolution	33554432 (25 bits); Fan	uc α Interface: 8388608 (2	23 bits)					
Electrically permissible speed	≤ 3000 rpm for continuc	ous position values						
Clock frequency Calculation time t _{cal}	≤ 16 MHz ≤ 6 μs	≤ 2 MHz ≤ 9 µs	-					
Incremental signals Cutoff frequency –3 dB	-	∼ 1 V _{PP} ≥ 400 kHz	-					
Electrical connection	Cable (1 m) with 8-pin M12 coupling (male)							
Cable length ¹⁾	≤ 150 m		≤ 50 m	≤ 30 m				
Supply voltage	DC 3.6 V to 14 V		1					
Power consumption ²⁾ (max.)	<i>3.6 V</i> : ≤ 0.72 W; <i>14 V</i> : ≤ 0	0.8 W						
Current consumption (typical)	5 V: 100 mA (without loa	ad)						
Shaft*	Hollow through shaft, D	= 20 mm, with lengths of	49 mm or 55 mm					
Mech. permissible speed	≤ 3000 rpm							
Starting torque at 20 °C	Typically ≤ 0.16 Nm							
Moment of inertia	Height H = 49 mm: roto Height H = 55 mm: roto	pr (hollow shaft): 91 · 10 ^{–6} k pr (hollow shaft): 97 · 10 ^{–6} k	gm ² ; <i>stator (housing/flang</i> gm ² ; <i>stator (housing/flang</i>	<i>ie)</i> : 570 · 10 ⁻⁶ kgm ² <i>ie)</i> : 570 · 10 ⁻⁶ kgm ²				
Permissible axial motion of measured shaft	±0.3 mm							
Natural frequency	≥ 1000 Hz							
Vibration 55 Hz to 2000 Hz Shock: 6 ms	\leq 200 m/s ² (EN 60068-2) \leq 200 m/s ² (EN 60068-2)	$\leq 200 \text{ m/s}^2$ (EN 60068-2-6) $\leq 200 \text{ m/s}^2$ (EN 60068-2-27)						
Operating temperature	0 °C to 60 °C –20 °C to 60 °C ³⁾							
Protection EN 60529	IP64							
Mass	≈ 0.8 kg							

* Please select when ordering
 ¹⁾ With HEIDENHAIN cable: ≤ 8 MHz
 ²⁾ See *General electrical information* in the *Interfaces of HEIDENHAIN Encoders* brochure
 ³⁾ No fault exclusion for the loosening of the mechanical connection

Calibration chart

HEIDENHAIN prepares individual calibration charts (Quality Inspection Certificates) for the RCN 2xx encoders and ships them with the unit. The Quality Inspection Certificate confirms that the encoder meets the specified system accuracy. It is ascertained through five forward and five backward measurements. The measuring positions per revolution are selected such that both the long-range error and the position error within a single signal period are ascertained with great accuracy. The reversal error is ascertained with forward and backward measurements at ten positions. The following limit applies to the mechanical hysteresis:

RCN 2xx: ≤ 2″

RCN 2xx with system accuracy ±6"

The Quality Inspection Certificate contains a measured curve showing the mean values of the position errors from five forward and backward measurements without hysteresis. The maximum position errors of the measured curve within 360° and within one signal period are indicated separately. Furthermore, the arithmetic mean and the maximum value of the hysteresis are documented.

RCN 2xx with system accuracy ±8"

The Quality Inspection Certificate does not include information on the measured values.

Mounting General information

Mounting

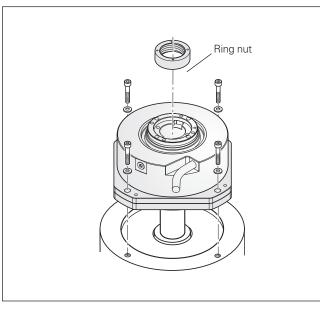
The housing of the RCN 2xx is firmly connected by an integral mounting flange and a centering collar to the stationary machine part.

Shaft coupling with ring nut (ID 336669-03)

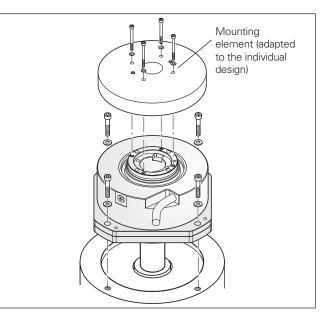
For installation, the hollow through shaft of the angle encoder is placed over the machine shaft, and is fixed with a ring nut from the front of the encoder. The ring nut can be easily tightened with the mounting aid (ID 530334-03).

Front-end shaft coupling

The hollow shaft is attached with the threaded holes on the face using special mounting elements fitted to the individual design (not included in delivery).



Shaft coupling with ring nut



Front-end shaft coupling

Permissible angular acceleration:

(without fault exclusion for the loosening of the mechanical connection) **RCN 2xx:** 1000 rad/s²

Material

The materials stated in this table must be used for the machine shaft and fastening components.

	Mating shaft	Mating stator			
Material	Ferrous materials (steel/cast	iron materials)			
Tensile strength R _m	≥ 600 N/mm ²	≥ 250 N/mm ²			
Shear strength τ_B	≥ 390 N/mm ²	≥ 290 N/mm ²			
Interface pressure p _G	≥ 660 N/mm ²	≥ 275 N/mm ²			
Modulus of elasticity E	110 000 N/mm ² to 215 000 N	l/mm ²			
Coefficient of expansion α _{therm} (at 20 °C)	$10 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{K}^{-1}$ to 17 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{K}^{-1}				
Mounting temperature	All information regarding screw connections is based on a mounting temperature of 15 °C to 35 °C				

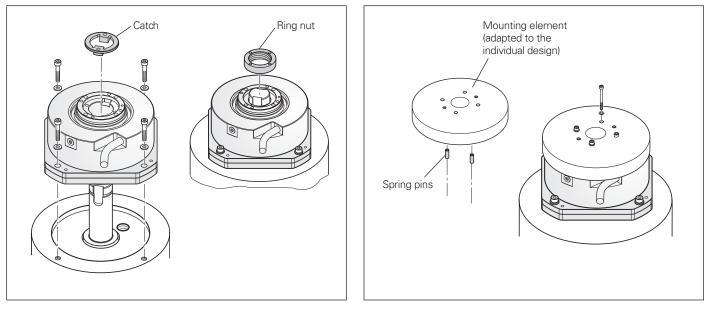
Mounting Mechanical fault exclusion

Fault exclusion for the loosening of the mechanical connection

There are possibilities for attaching the RCN 2xx that rule out such errors.

Whereas the housing or flange is standardly mounted with fastening screws, special factors must be taken into consideration for the hollow-shaft connection. When coupling the shaft with a ring nut, a **catch** (ID 817921-01) must be used (moment of inertia of ring nut and catch: $4.8 \cdot 10^{-6}$ kgm²).

Alternatively, this type of fault exclusion is also possible for front-end shaft coupling with mounting screws and spring pins. For more information on this topic and on limitations to the specifications, please refer to the table below.



Mechanical connection	Fastening ¹⁾	Safe position for the mechanical connection ²⁾	Limited specifications ³⁾
Housing/flange	Screws: M4 ISO 4762 8.8	±0°	See Specifications: • Operating temperature
Hollow shaft Shaft coupling with ring nut	Ring nut and catch (see <i>Mounting</i>)	±0.55°	See <i>Mounting:</i> Permissible angular acceleration
Hollow shaft Front-face shaft coupling	Screws: M3 ISO 4762 8.8 Spring pins: ISO 8752 – 2.5 x 10 – St	±0.07°	

¹⁾ A suitable anti-rotation lock must be used for the screw connections (mounting/servicing)

²⁾ Fault exclusion is granted only for the explicitly mentioned mounting options

³⁾ Compared with shaft coupling without mechanical fault exclusion

Fault exclusion is thereby possible for the loosening of the mechanical connection between the encoder and the machine shaft or customer fastening components. For designing the mechanical fault exclusion for other purely customer-side connections, the following encoder torque must be taken into account:

 $M_{Max} = J \cdot \alpha + 4.5 \text{ Nm}$

- α: Max. angular acceleration in the application
- J: Moment of inertia of the encoder (rotor or stator; see the specifications) and of the mechanical connection (e.g., ring nut and catch when acceleration is applied through the hollow shaft and shaft coupling via the given components)

Permissible angular acceleration

Based on where acceleration is applied and on the mounting type, the following values apply to the angular acceleration:

- Permissible angular acceleration of the rotor when acceleration is applied via the hollow shaft and shaft coupling with catch and ring nut: 20000 rad/s²
- Permissible angular acceleration of the rotor when acceleration is applied through the hollow shaft and a front-face shaft coupling with fastening screws and spring pins: 5500 rad/s²
- Permissible angular acceleration of the stator when acceleration is applied via the flange/housing: 4000 rad/s²

Electrical connection

EnDat pin layout without incremental signals

8-pin M12	2 coupling		F			4 3 22		
	Power supply				Serial data transmission			
-	8	2	5	1	3	4	7	6
	U _P	Sensor U _P	0 V	Sensor 0 V	DATA	DATA	CLOCK	CLOCK
*	Brown/Green	Blue	White/Green	White	Gray	Pink	Violet	Yellow

Cable shield connected to housing; U_P = Power supply voltage

Sensor: The sense line is connected in the encoder with the corresponding power line.

Vacant pins or wires must not be used!

EnDat pin layout with incremental signals

17-pin M2	23 couplin	ng		-				100	0 2 • 1 0 2 • 13 • 2 5 • 14 • 3 17 • • 4 • • 5				
	Power supply				Incremental signals ¹⁾			Serial data transfer					
-	7	1	10	4	11	15	16	12	13	14	17	8	9
	U _P	Sensor UP	0V •	Sensor 0∨	Internal shield	A+	A–	B+	B-	DATA	DATA	CLOCK	CLOCK
	Brown/ Green	Blue	White/ Green	White	/	Green/ Black	Yellow/ Black	Blue/ Black	Red/ Black	Gray	Pink	Violet	Yellow

Cable shield connected to housing; **U**_P = Power supply voltage

Sensor: The sense line is connected in the encoder with the corresponding power line.

Vacant pins or wires must not be used! ¹⁾ Only with the EnDat01 and EnDat02 ordering designations

Fanuc pin layout

8-pin M1	2 coupling		-			$ \begin{array}{c} 6 & 5 \\ 4 & \bullet & 4 \\ 7 & \bullet & 3 \\ 1 & \bullet & 2 \\ \end{array} $			
	Power supply					Serial data transmission			
	8	2	5	1	-	3	4	7	6
	U _P	Sensor UP	0 V	Sensor 0 ∨	Shield	Serial DATA	Serial DATA	Request	Request
	Brown/Green	Blue	White/Green	White	_	Gray	Pink	Violet	Yellow

Cable shield connected to housing; U_P = Power supply voltage

Sensor: The sense line is connected in the encoder with the corresponding power line.

Vacant pins or wires must not be used!

Mitsubishi pin layout

8-pin M12	2 coupling		-			4 • 3 • 2		
		Power	supply		Serial data transmission			
-	8	2	5	1	3	4	7	6
	UP	Sensor U_P	0 V	Sensor 0 V	Serial DATA	Serial DATA	Request	Request
	•	•	•	•			Frame	Frame
\	Brown/Green	Blue	White/Green	White	Gray	Pink	Violet	Yellow

Cable shield connected to housing; **U**_P = Power supply voltage

Sensor: The sense line is connected in the encoder with the corresponding power line.

Vacant pins or wires must not be used!

Adapter cables and connecting cables

EnDat adapter cables and connecting cable without incremental signals

PUR connecting cableØ 6 mm; $2 \times (2)$	$2 \times 0.09 \text{ mm}^2$) + 2 x (2 × 0.16 mm ²)	$A_{\rm P} = 2 \times 0.16 \text{ mm}^2$
Adapter cable with 8-pin M12 connector (female) and 15-pin D-sub connector (female)		1036521-xx
Adapter cable with 8-pin M12 connector (female) and 15-pin D-sub connector (male)		1036526-xx
Connecting cable with 8-pin M12 connector (female) and 8-pin M12 coupling (male)		1036372-xx

EnDat adapter cables and connecting cable with incremental signals

PUR connecting cableØ 8 mm; $4 \times (2)$	$\times 0.16 \text{ mm}^2$) + 4 $\times 0.5 \text{ mm}^2$ + 4 $\times 0.16 \text{ mm}^2$	$A_{\rm P} = 2 \times 0.5 \rm{mm}^2$
Adapter cable with 17-pin M23 connector (female) and 15-pin D-sub connector (female)		332115-xx
Adapter cable with 17-pin M23 connector (female) and 15-pin D-sub connector (male)		324544-xx
Connecting cable with 17-pin M23 connector (female) and stripped cable end		309778-xx

Fanuc/Mitsubishi connecting cable

PUR adapter cable	Ø 6 mm; $2 \times (2 \times 0.09 \text{ mm}^2)$	$+ 2 \times (2 \times 0.16 \text{ mm}^2)$	$A_{\rm P} = 2 \times 0.16 \rm mm^2$	
Connecting cable with 8-pin (female) and 8-pin M12 coup			1036372-xx	

A_P: Cross section of power supply lines

Ø: Cable diameter (for bending radii, see the *Interfaces of HEIDENHAIN Encoders* brochure) For more cables, see the *Cables and Connectors* brochure

HEIDENHAIN

DR. JOHANNES HEIDENHAIN GmbH

www.heidenhain.com

This Product Information document supersedes all previous editions, which thereby become invalid. The basis for ordering from HEIDENHAIN is always the Product Information document edition valid when the order is placed.

More information:

Comply with the requirements described in the following documents to ensure correct and intended operation:

- Brochure: Angle Encoders with Integral Bearing
- Mounting Instructions: RCN 200

• Brochure: Cables and Connectors

- Brochure: Interfaces of HEIDENHAIN Encoders
- 1189093-xx 1078628-xx 1206103-xx

591109-xx

For brochures and Product Information documents, visit www.heidenhain.com.